introduction

- 1. Audits of CAP and of national policies are linked
- Cross-compliance and performance audits should be linked
- 3. The complexity of assessing the achievement of goals

Conclusion

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Execution of CAP in France

Policy Stragegic program

Applications Decision

Control Paiement

Ministery of agriculture

DDT (100 territory units)

Paiement agencies (ASP, FranceAgrimer)

Control of CAP in France

Programmation

On site controls

Sanctions

DDT (100 territory units)

ASP, FranceAgrimer

(100 territory units)

Audit of CAP in France

Certification (internal)

SAI (external)

- Interministerial commissions : CCCOP, CICC
- Ministery inspection bodies (CGAER)

 Cour des comptes (State and agencies

 Chambres régionales des comptes (local collectivities)

Case of installation aids

Installation aids:

- Subsidies
- Fiscal deductions and advantages
- Audits, coaching, training
- Loans at low interest
- Priorities for ground acquisition
- Rights to produce

Aids to the fishing sector

	2007	2008
National	149,6 M€	292,0 M€
EU	54,7 M€	59,6 M€
<u>Total</u>	<u>204,3 M€</u>	<u>351,6 M€</u>

Aids to the fishing sector

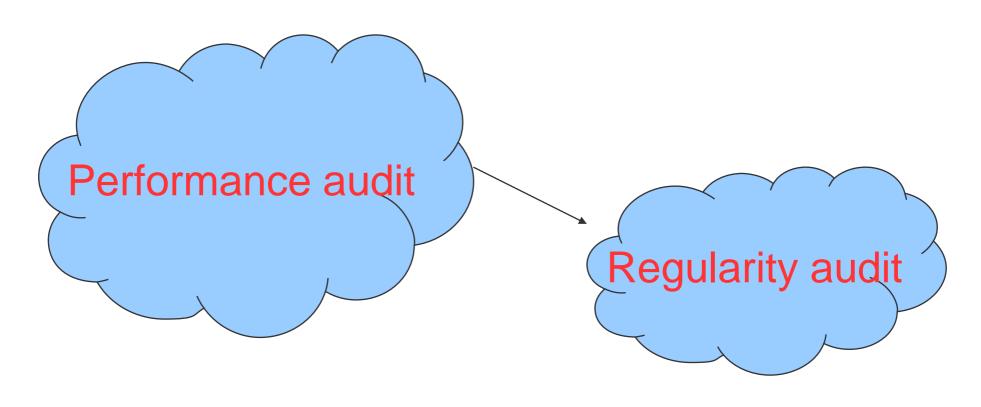
(en M€)	TOTAL	FEP	Etat	Part FEP
Axe 1	135,0	54,0	81,0	40%
Axe 2	109,4	54,7	54,7	50%
Axe 3	131,3	65,6	65,6	50%
Axe 4	10,9	5,5	5,5	50%
Axe 5	4,0	2,0	2,0	50%
Total	390,6	181,8	208,8	47%

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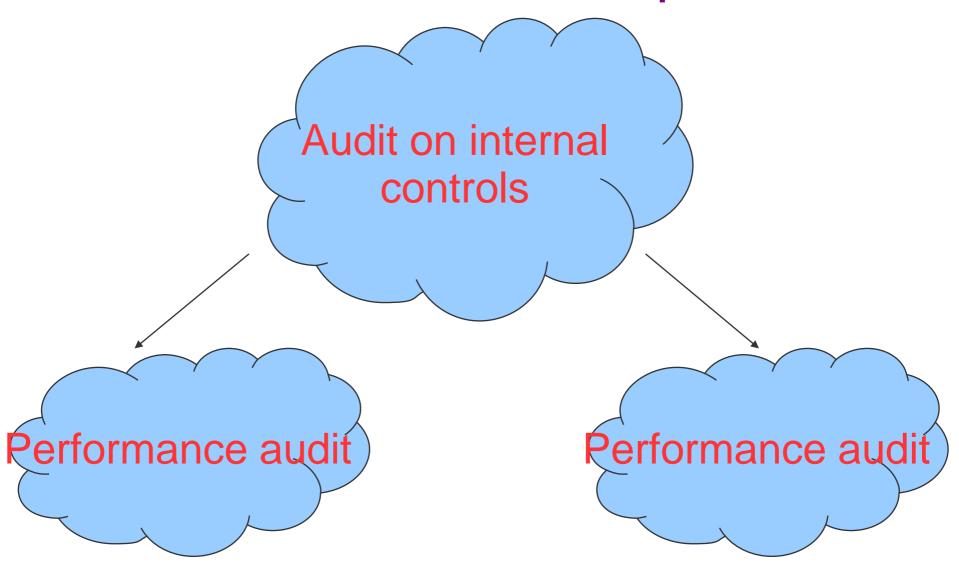
From performance to regularity: case of installation subsidies



130 decisions checked to asses the necessity of the aids

Non compliances found

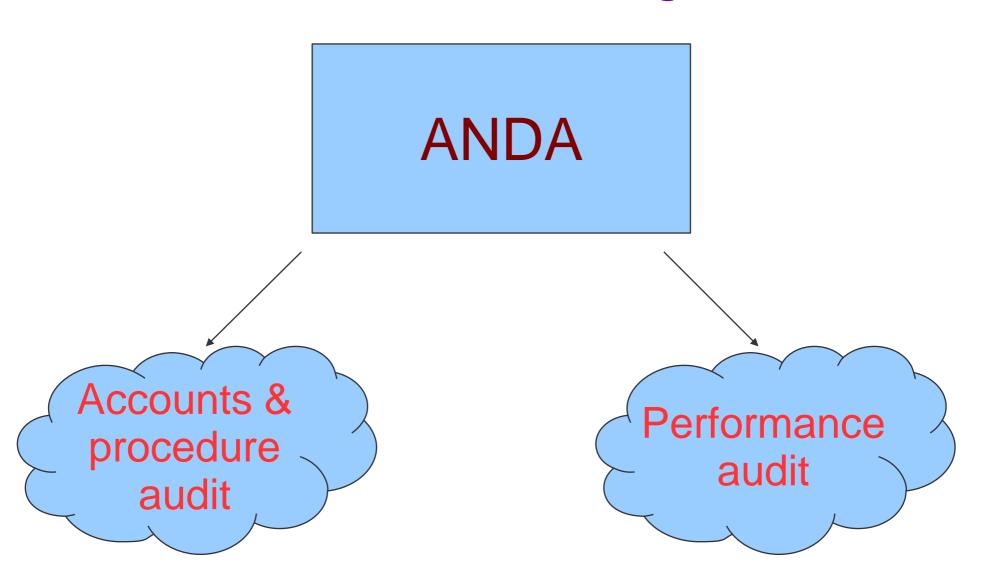
From procedures to performance Case of rural development



Installation aids

Mountain agriculture

From organic to performance Case of research & vulgarisation



From procedures to performance Case of research & vulgarisation

Accounts & procedures

- Budget unrealistic
- Non transparent decision process and conflicts of interest
- Expenses without budget
- Subsidies without conventions; no control of their use

Performance

- No evaluation
- No link between research & training
- Redudancies with other agencies
- Beneficiaries are always the same

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The complexity of assessing effects

Multiple goals

- Security of
- Diversity
- Agricultural revenue
- Reasonable prices
- Competitivity of rural territories
- Environmental concerns
- Long term goals
- External factors
 - Meteorological accidents
 - Parasits, diseases...
 - Price variations

Assessing effects: the case of overseas departements

- Martinique, Guadeloupe, Guyane, la Réunion, St Pierre et Miquelon
- Audit of ODADOM (Office de développement de l'économie agricole outre-mer)
 - Accounts
 - Management & governance
 - Administration of national and EU (FEAGA) budgets
 - Specific study of the aids to banane producers
 - Assesment of the impact of agricultural aids in overseas departements

Assessing effects of aids in overseas departements

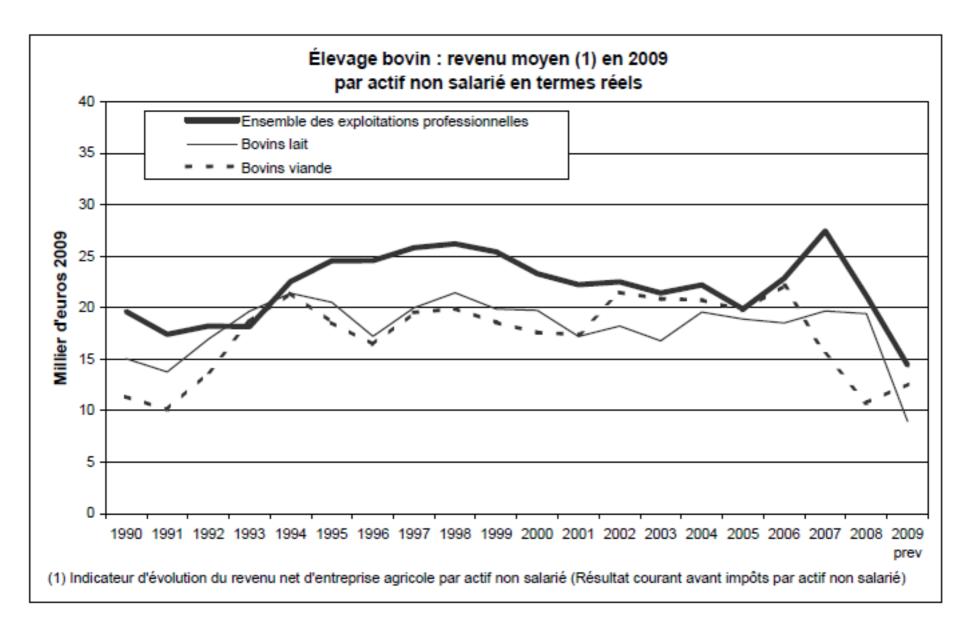
	Variation 2000-2008	Variation 2000-2008
	France Métropole	France 4 DOM
Number of farms	-22%	-32%
Surface dedicated to agriculture	-1%	-7%
Employement in agriculture	-14%	-22%
Global revenue	-13%	-15%
Revenue per farm	-4%	+8%
Revenue per capita	3%	-5%

Assessing effects of aids in overseas departements

Conclusions of the audit

- Less for banana, more for diversification
- More conditions to aids
- Employment and autosufficiency should be major objectives of aids
- The usage of space, major issue

Assessing effects of aids



Keeping the goals in mind